AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1-39. (Canceled)

- 40. (Currently Amended) A method for determining drug medication efficacy, comprising:
 - a) providing;
 - i) a patient exhibiting a first electroencephalogram; and
 - ii) a drug medication; and,
 - b) converting said first electroencephalogram to at least one first multivariate outcome measurement wherein said first outcome measurement comprises a plurality of first univariate Z scores, wherein said first multivariate outcome measurement is derived from a frequency band selected from the group consisting of delta, theta, alpha, and beta;
 - c) administering said drug medication to said patient;
 - d) obtaining a second electroencephalogram from said patient and converting said second electroencephalogram to at least one second multivariable outcome measurement wherein said second outcome measurement comprises a plurality of second univariate Z scores, wherein said second multivariate outcome measurement is derived from a frequency band selected from the group consisting of delta, theta, alpha, and beta; and
 - e) comparing said first multivariate outcome measurement with said second multivariate outcome measurement wherein a difference is identified.
- 41. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 40, wherein said comparing comprising using a reference database.
- 42. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 40, wherein said difference between said first multivariate outcome measurement and second follow-up multivariate outcome measurement is proportional to the efficacy of said drug medication.

43-49. (Canceled)

- 50. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 40, wherein said delta frequency band comprises a first set of univariate measurements selected from the group consisting of absolute power, relative power, coherence, and symmetry.
- 51. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 40, wherein said theta frequency band comprises a second set of univariate measurements selected from the group consisting of absolute power, relative power, coherence, and symmetry.
- 52. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 40, wherein said alpha frequency band comprises a third set of univariate measurements selected from the group consisting of absolute power, relative power, coherence, and symmetry.
- 53. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 40, wherein said beta frequency band comprises a fourth set of univariate measurements selected from the group consisting of absolute power, relative power, coherence, and symmetry.
- 54. (Currently Amended) A method for determining drug medication efficacy, comprising:
 - a) providing;
 - i) a patient exhibiting a first electroencephalogram; and
 - ii) a drug medication; and,
 - b) converting said first electroencephalogram to at least one first multivariate outcome measurement wherein said first outcome measurement comprises a plurality of first univariate Z scores, wherein said first multivariate outcome measurement is derived from a frequency band selected from the group consisting of ranging from approximately 0.5-3.5 Hertz, ranging from

- approximately 3.5-7.5 Hertz, ranging from approximately 7.5-12.5 Hertz, and ranging from approximately 12.5-35 Hertz;
- c) administering said drug medication to said patient;
- d) obtaining a second electroencephalogram from said patient and converting said second electroencephalogram to at least one second multivariable outcome measurement wherein said second outcome measurement comprises a plurality of second univariate Z scores, wherein said second multivariate outcome measurement is derived from a frequency band selected from the group consisting of ranging from approximately 0.5-3.5 Hertz, ranging from approximately 7.5-12.5 Hertz, and ranging from approximately 12.5-35 Hertz; and
- e) comparing said first multivariate outcome measurement with said second multivariate outcome measurement wherein a difference is identified.
- 55. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 54, wherein said comparing comprising using a reference database.
- 56. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 54, wherein said difference between said first multivariate outcome measurement and second follow-up multivariate outcome measurement is proportional to the efficacy of said drug medication.
- 57. (Withdrawn) A method for determining drug efficacy, comprising:
 - a) providing;
 - i) a patient exhibiting first electroencephalogram;
 - ii) a drug;
 - iii) a first symtomatic behavioral assessment; and
 - b) converting said first electroencephalogram to at least one first multivariate outcome measurement, wherein said first multivariate outcome measurement is derived from a frequency band selected from the group consisting of delta, theta, alpha, and beta;

- c) administering said drug to said patient;
- d) obtaining a second clinical assessment of said patient; and
- e) comparing said first symtomatic behavioral assessment with said second symptomatic behavioral assessment wherein an improvement is identified.
- 58. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 57, further comprising, identifying said at least one multivariate outcome measurement in at least a second patient.
- 59. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 57, wherein said drug is desiprimine.
- 60. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 57, wherein said multivariate outcome measurement is relative power monopolor posterior alpha.